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# EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

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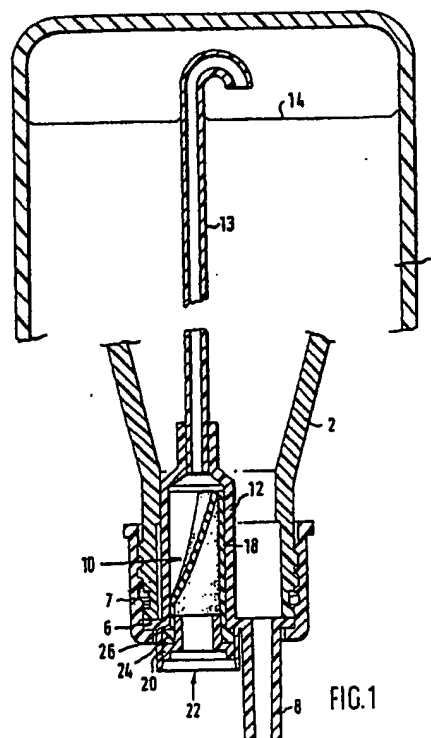
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54 Containers and caps therefor.

97 A cap 6 has an outlet 8 and an air bleed valve 10 including a non return valve 18. The non return valve is isolated from the hydrostatic pressure which would prevent it opening, by a housing 12 and a breather tube 13.



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## CONTAINERS AND CAPS THEREFOR

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to liquid containers and caps therefor.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

It is desired to withdraw liquid from a sealed container. Such a situation arises in agriculture when it is desired to connect a sealed container to a spraying device and to spray liquid agrochemical from the container onto crops. Normal unsealed arrangements where the container is open to atmosphere allow the possibility of leakage, even via air bleed arrangements, as the liquid slops around in the container in use. There are environmental, health and/or economic reasons for preventing the possibility of leakage.

One proposal enabling the container to be completely closed and yet enabling liquid to be withdrawn is a collapsible container, usually inside a rigid box. There are problems with this, however. For example it is not possible to completely empty the container. The user always pays for more than can be extracted from the container.

In accordance with the invention there is provided, a cap for a liquid container, the cap incorporating an outlet and an air bleed valve, the air bleed valve comprising: a housing opening through the cap, in use, to the outside of the container; a non return valve in the housing to prevent fluid leaving the container via the housing; and a breather tube having one end connected to the interior of the housing downstream of the non return valve, so that when the container is inverted in use, a free end of the breather tube is above the level of the liquid in the container, enabling liquid to be withdrawn from the outlet eg. by gravity.

In use, the bleeder tube and housing connect the down stream end of the non return valve to air above the liquid level in the container. If the liquid were allowed direct communication with the non return valve, the hydrostatic pressure head would be sufficiently high as to prevent the non return valve opening to allow air to enter the container when liquid is withdrawn, which would prevent the withdrawal of any liquid by gravity.

Preferably, the non return valve comprises a resilient tube, open at one end and closed to a slit at the other end, so that air can flow through the valve from the open end to the slit end but not in the reverse direction.

The cap may be fitted to the feed pipe of an agricultural sprayer, e.g. a hand held back pack

sprayer. A container of agrochemical is connected to the sprayer by removing the container's cap and fitting the sprayer's cap. The container is then inverted. Any small amount of the liquid which gets into the bleeder tube is prevented from leaking out by the non return valve.

The invention also extends to a container for liquid, the container incorporating an outlet and an air bleed valve, the air bleed valve comprising: a housing opening through to the outside of the container; a non return valve in the housing to prevent fluid leaving the container via the housing; and a breather tube having one end connected to the interior of the housing downstream of the non return valve, so that when the container is inverted in use, a free end of the breather tube is above the level of the liquid in the container, enabling liquid to be withdrawn from the outlet by gravity.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

One embodiment of the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which:

Figure 1 is a sectional view of a container having a cap embodying the invention, the container being inverted for operation;

Figure 2 shows the container of Figure 1 the normal way up for storage and transit; and

Figure 3 is a pictorial view showing a non return valve partly broken away.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring to the drawings, a container 2, shown in its inverted operating position in Figure 1, contains a liquid agrochemical 4. The container has a cap 6 held on by an internally threaded ring 7. Both the container and the cap are moulded of plastics material. The cap 6 is formed with an outlet 8 to which a hand held sprayer (not illustrated) can be connected by flexible plastics tube. In use the container may be carried on the operator's back.

The cap 6 is provided with an air bleed valve 10. The air bleed valve comprises a housing 12 formed integrally with the cap 6. A breather tube 13 extends from the inner end of the housing 12 to a position above the level of the liquid when the container is inverted as shown. The space above the liquid is thus connected to atmosphere, so that air can enter the container to replace liquid 4

withdrawn through the outlet 8.

With the container 2 its normal way up for transit and storage, as shown in Figure 2, the water level in the container is shown at 16. If the housing 12 were simply open to atmosphere, the liquid level in the breather tube 13 would correspond to that in the container. As the container was inverted, liquid in the breather tube would drain out through the housing 12.

This is prevented by a non return valve 18, shown separately in Figure 3, which is retained by a stepped ring 20 which is a push or click fit into the open end 22 of the housing 12. The non return valve 18 comprises a resilient rubber tube 23, open at one end which is formed with a flange 24. The flange 22 forms a seal between the retaining ring 20 and a step 26 in the wall of the housing 12. At its other end the tube 23 tapers to a curved edge 28 through which there is a slit 30. The slit is normally closed but opens to allow fluid to pass from inside the tube in the direction of arrow A. However, fluid cannot pass in the return direction. If fluid pressure is applied in the return direction it closes the slit 30 more tightly so preventing fluid from flowing through the valve.

Thus when the cap is being fitted to a container of liquid, air in the breather tube is prevented from exiting by the non return valve 18. Very little fluid therefore enters the breather tube 18, the liquid level in the tube being indicated at 32.

As the container is inverted, an air lock is formed which prevents the liquid draining to the bottom of the inverted tube, i.e. towards the non return valve 18.

The effect of the housing 12 and the breather tube 13 is that when inverted, both sides of the non return valve 18 are at approximately the same pressure, so that the valve can open easily. If the housing 12 and the breather tube 13 were not present, the pressure head of liquid would be sufficient to prevent the valve from opening, so preventing liquid from being withdrawn from the outlet 8.

Although the invention has been described in the environment of an agricultural sprayer, there are clearly many other applications for a container or cap embodying the invention which are not limited to agricultural applications.

### Claims

1. A cap for a liquid container, the cap incorporating an outlet and an air bleed valve, the air bleed valve comprising: a housing opening through the cap, in use, to the outside of the container; a non return valve in the housing to prevent fluid leaving the container via the housing; and a breath-

er tube having one end connected to the interior of the housing downstream of the non return valve, so that when the container is inverted in use, a free end of the breather tube is above the level of the liquid in the container, enabling liquid to be withdrawn from the outlet.

2. A cap for a liquid container as claimed in claim 1, wherein the non return valve comprises a resilient tube, open at one end and closed to a slit at the other end, so that air can flow through the valve from the open end to the slit end but not in the reverse direction.

3. A container for liquid, the container incorporating an outlet and an air bleed valve, the air bleed valve comprising: a housing opening through to the outside of the container; a non return valve in the housing to prevent fluid leaving the container via the housing; and a breather tube having one end connected to the interior of the housing downstream of the non return valve, so that when the container is inverted in use, a free end of the breather tube is above the level of the liquid in the container, enabling liquid to be withdrawn from the outlet.



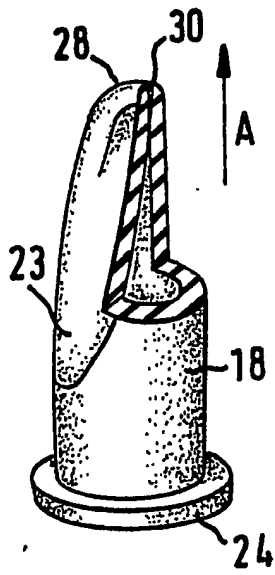


FIG. 3

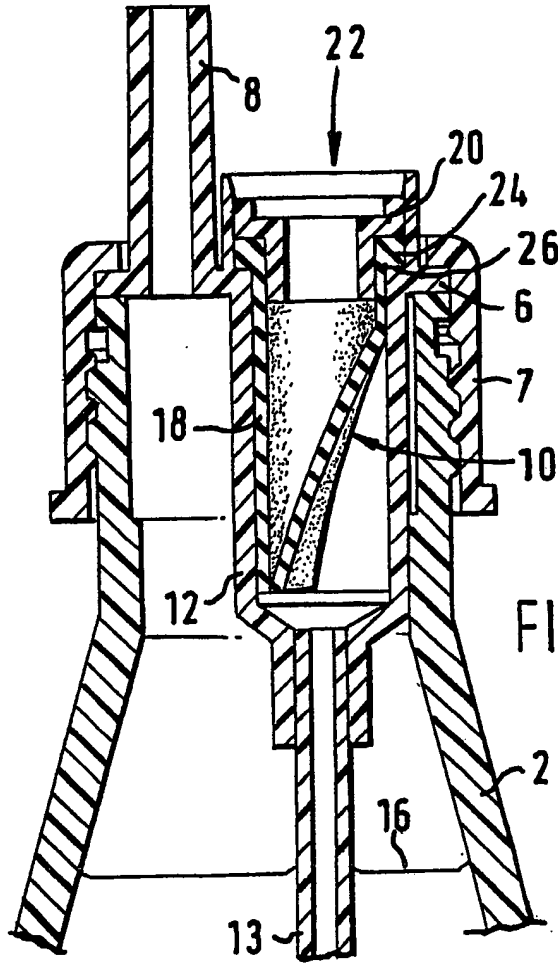
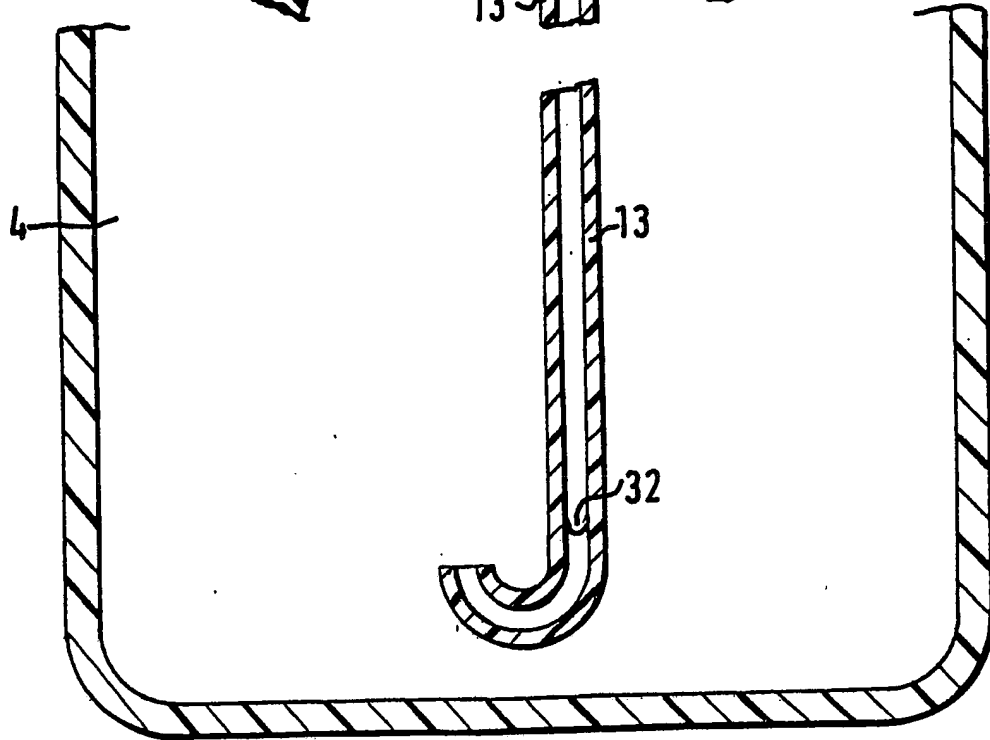


FIG. 2





European Patent  
Office

# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 89 30 3889

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4)
X	US-A-4 260 078 (KEPHART) * Column 1, line 47 - column 2, line 7; column 2, lines 64-68; figures *	1,3	B 65 D 47/06 B 65 D 47/32
Y	---	2	
Y	US-A-4 524 805 (HOFFMAN) * Column 2, lines 15-28; figures * -----	2	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.4)
			B 65 D B 67 C B 67 D F 16 K
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 04-08-1989	Examiner CLARKE A.J.
<b>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</b>			
X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons ..... & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	

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